The Alexandria Gazette.

OLUME LXIII.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 14, 1862.

NUMBER 254.

EDGAR SNOWDEN, JR.

***OFFICE—No. 104 King street, over one's, (formerly French's) Book Store.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Washington Star says:-A man, arived from near Conrad's Ferry, states that he ras in the presence of Gen. Stuart a few mintes before he crossed the river from his late ray into Pennsylvania. Gen. Stuart informdhim, in a sarcastic manner, that he had fooled the whole party," but regretted that he had not accomplished what was intended when he started; as he was expected to reach Frederick, Md., destroy the government stores at that point, and then destroy the bridge over lonocacy river; but that, all things taken into consideration, he "had carried out his programme with much success." Stuart's men and horses looked exhausted, but the former were in high glee, and from the looks of the clothing on their persons, and that which they had tied on their horses, they expected and aid that the change would be very acceptable, especially the shoes and boots, of which they had a large quantity. General Stuart sent his compliments to a number of United States officers with whom he was acquainted in old

Mr. Lincoln said to an ardent friend of his who went to see him after his recent visit to General McClellan: "Have patience—patience—patience—patience. I have had to wait when it seemed as if I could not. It is your turn now.—And I believe you will be rewarded in the end if you patiently wait for the future."

Another reconnoissance has been made in front of Washington to Aldie and Middleburg, which discovered the Confederates encamped within a mile of the latter place, to the number of ten thousand—artillery, cavalry and infantry. A movement of the Confederates towards Centreville is anticipated.

Hon. T. A. Nelson, of Tennessee, who has hitherto remained neutral, has published an address condemning in strong terms President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation.

"Hundreds of army wagons," says the Hagerstown Herald, "are daily arriving at and departing from Hagerstown, being engaged in
hauling supplies from the depot of the Franklin Railroad to the Army of the Potomac.—
Long trains of burden cars are constantly arriving and dicharging immense quantities of
freight,"

About the first of November it is the intention of the American Colonization Society to send out from Baltimore an expedition in its packet, the M. C. Stevens. Unless they are hindered by the disturbed condition of the country, more than one hundred slaves—set free by their former masters—are expected to smbark, together with small companies from several of the free States.

At the Washington Navy Yard, the Monitor was yesterday hauled up on the marine fallway, without accident.

A terrible accident occurred in New York on Saturday, in which Mrs. Pfund, wife of Anthony Pfund, architect, was burned to death, together with her child a little girl two years of age. Mr. Pfund had placed upon the stove a pot containing a mixture of linseed oil, turpentine and benzine, and had left the room.—During his absence it boiled over, and Mrs. Pfund endeavored to remove it.

An order issued by Gen. Butler requires all Confederate prisoners of war who do not desire to be exchanged under the cartel, to take the oath or be sent to Fort Jackson as traitors.

To-morrow, the 15th inst., is the day fixed by Gov. Bradford for the draft in Maryland, but from the information obtained up to last evening, it is certain that it will not take place all over the State on that day.

Rumors are again afloat as igning new parts to prominent actors on the National Stage.—
The most plausible of these, replaces Secretary Stanton by General Banks, and sends Mc-Clellan to the West, and Hooker to the Army of the Potomac.

Important letters, including a letter from Beauregard to Gen. Bragg, relative to the invasion of Kentucky and the taking of Louisville and Cincinnati, have been captured by Gen. Buell. They show that the Confederate expectations and intentions have been thwarted in the Kentucky invasion, so far.

Speaking of the draft in Ohio, the Cincinnati correspondent of the Philadelphia Press says:—"Substitutes are cheap, and are not going to command the high prices many supposed they could get, and for which they were holding off; too many at a trade always spoils it."

There appears to be no abatement of the yellow fever at Wilmington, N. C. During the week ending on Friday evening last, two hundred and sixty-seven new cases, and eighty-two deaths were reported.

The Washington correspondence of a New York Journal says:—"A partisan committee is reported as already in the city, or en route to it, to secure the suppression of two of the New York city newspapers—the one a morning and the other an evening journal. Their offence is too much latitude of debate in discussing national politics, and particularly in supporting Messrs. Seymour and Jones for governor and lieutenant governor."

On Sunday morning last, a young man named Wm. Wurdemann, (son of Mr. Wm. Wurdemann of Washington) accidentally shot himself, while engaged in cleaning his revolver. The ball entered the region of the heart. But little hope was entertained last evening of the young man's recovery.

The Cincinnati papers say that Gen. Davis who shot Gen. Nelson, has been handed over to the civil authorities, and that the Government will not interfere in the case at all.—Should he be discharged by the court he will be retained in his command.

The election takes place in Pennsylvania to-

FOREIGN ITEMS.

A typhoon of unprecedented violence swept over Hong Kong, Macao, Canton, and Whampoa, on Sunday, 27th July, 1862, committing frightful ravages of property, and being the cause of the death of forty thousand lives.—

The damage at Hong Kong was slight.

Mr. Burlingame, the American Minister to China, was on his way to Pekin at last accounts. The cholera was raging awfully at the Chinese capital.

Kossuth, who is now in Turin, is suffering the deepest anxiety on account of his wife, who is so seriously ill that she is hardly expected to recover. Within thirteen years he has lost several near relations, and among them his only daughter; and while now anticipating the crowning calamity he is, we understand, extremely straitened with pecuniary matters.

Count de Castellano, Marshal of France and Senator, recently died at Lyons, at the age of seventy four years.

The English military journals regard the invasion of Maryland as a mistake of the Confederates in the first instance, and a failure in the end.

A "Southern Club" was being organized in some of the towns in England. Liverpool had already subscribed fifteen thousand dollars.—
The fund is intended for the relief of Southern prisoners held by the Union armies.

An unquiet spirit, prevails in many of the Spanish provinces. "Symptoms of an ignorant impatience of taxation, and of a disposition to assert their rights, are marked in the people, and must be put down, says the Marshal Prime Minister, at any risk."

In Paris it was fully expected that by the 1st of November the city of Mexico would be in possession of the French troops.

It was again rumored that England had pointed out to France the necessity of evacuating Rome.

The French squadron in China has been ordered to proceed to Japan, in consequence of the menacing treatment of the European legation, by the Japanese.

The meeting of the lower classes of London in Hyde Park on Sunday, to sympathize with Garibaldi, resulted in rioting, owing to shouts in favor of the Pope of Rome.

Rumors are again current in Italy that an amnesty for Garibaldi and his followers has been decided on.

The marriage of the King of Portugal with the Princess Pia, by proxy, was celebrated at Turin on the 28th of September amid great rejoicing. The new Queen embarked at Genoa for Lisbon shortly after the interesting ceremonies.

When the Confederates left Chambersburg, it is said, every cavalry man had a quantity of clothing placed before and behind him, reaching in front to his chin.

The letters from Chambersburg say that the Confederate advance into that town was led by Gen. Fitzhugh Lee.